CIS 106 Introduction to Programming

Using the Basic If Statement

1. Allow a user to enter a quantity of an item. If the quantity is greater than or equal to 1000, the unit price should be $3.00. For quantities under 1000 the unit price is $5.00. Compute extended price to be quantity x unit price. Compute tax to be 7% of the extended price. The total is computed as extended price plus the tax. Display the quantity, unit price, extended price, tax and total.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Enter quantity of an item | * If quantity >= 1000 = 3.00 * If quantity < 1000 = 5.00 * Quantity x price = extended price * .07 x extended price = tax * Extended price + tax = total | * Print quantity * Unit price * Extended price * Tax * Total |

#input phase

quantity = float(input("Enter qunatity of an item"))

#process phase

if quantity >= 1000:

unitprice = 3.00

else:

unitprice = 5.00

extended\_price = quantity \* unitprice

tax = .07 \* extended\_price

total = extended\_price + tax

#output phase

print("Quantity:", quantity)

print("Unit Price: $", unitprice)

print("Extended Price: $", extended\_price)

print("Tax: $", tax)

print("Total: $", total)

1. The program asks the user for an item and quantity. Determine the unit price of the item based on the chart below. Compute the extended price to be quantity x unit price. Display the item, unit price and extended price. Note: if the item entered is not A then assume the item is B. No need to check for B.

Item Unit Price

A $10.00

B $20.00

(Note: assume the user will enter the data correctly. Assume if they enter capital A then $10.00 gets assigned to unit price variable. Any other entry is assumed to be a capital B whether they enter B or not. Therefore, you only need a relational condition for A. This makes the if statement easier and removes data validation from the program which could get quite complex).

if item == “A”:

Unit\_price = 10.00

else:

Unit\_price = 20.00

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Input item * Quantity | * If item == A, unit price = 10.00 * Else: unit price = 20.00 * Quantity x unit price = price | * Print item * Unit price * Extended price |

#input phase

item = input("Enter item name")

quantity = float(input("Enter quantity"))

#process phase

if item == "A":

unitprice = 10.00

else:

unitprice = 20.00

extended\_price = quantity \* unitprice

#output phase

print("Item:", item)

print("Unit Price: $", unitprice)

print("Extended Price: $", extended\_price)

1. Enter the number of books to order and cost per book. If the order total is over $50.00 shipping is free. If the order total is $50.00 or under charge $25 shipping. Display the order total and shipping charge (note 0 should display for a free shipping charge).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Input # of books * Cost per book | * # of books x cost per book = order total * If order total > 50, then shipping is 0 * If order total is <= 50, then shipping is 25 | * Print order Total * Shipping charge |

#input phase

quantity= float(input("Enter number of books"))

cost = float(input("Enter cost of each book"))

#process phase

order\_total = quantity \* cost

if order\_total > 50.00:

shipping = 0

if order\_total <= 50:

shipping = 25

#output phase

print("order total:", order\_total)

print("shipping charge: $", shipping)

1. The warrantee of an appliance depends on the cost of the appliance. For appliances over $1,000 the warrantee cost is 10% of the price. For appliances $1,000 or less the warrantee cost is 5% of the price. The user will enter the name and cost of an appliance. Display name and cost of appliance, the cost of the warrantee and the total (cost of the appliance + warranty).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Input name * cost of appliance | * If cost of appliance >1000, then warrantee is 10% * If cost of appliance < 1000, then warrantee is 5% | * Print name * Cost of appliance * Cost of warrantee * total |

#input phase

name = input("Enter appliance name:")

cost = float(input("Enter cost of appliance:"))

#process phase

if cost > 1000:

warrantee = cost \* .10

if cost <= 1000:

warrantee = cost \*.05

total = cost \* warrantee

#output phase

print("Name:", name)

print("cost:$", cost)

print("cost of warrantee:$", warrantee)

print("Total cost:$", total)

1. Enter the user’s last name, number of dependents and gross income. Compute adjusted gross income to be gross income minus dependents times $12000. Next determine an income tax rate. Adjusted gross incomes over $50,000 have a tax rate of 20%. Adjusted gross incomes $50,000 or under have a tax rate of 10%.

Once you determine the tax rate, compute income tax to be adjusted gross income times tax rate. If the income tax is less than 0, set the income tax to $100.

Display last name, gross income, number of dependents, adjusted gross income, and income tax.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Input last name * # of dependents * Gross income | * Gross income - (dependents x 12,000) = adjusted gross income * If gross income > 50,000, then tax rate 20%   Else: tax rate 10%   * Adjusted gross income x tax rate = income tax * If income tax < 0, then income tax $100 | * Print last name * Gross income * # of dependents * Adjusted gross income * Income tax |

#input phase

name = input("Enter last name:")

dependents = float(input("Enter # of dependents:"))

income = float(input("Enter gross income:"))

#process phase

adjusted\_income = income - (dependents \* 12000)

if income > 50000:

rate = .20 else: rate = .10

income\_tax = adjusted\_income \* rate

if income\_tax < 0: income\_tax = 100

#output phase

print("Last name:", name)

print("# of dependents", dependents)

print("Gross income:$", income)

print("Adjusted gross income:$", adjusted\_income)

print("Income tax", income\_tax)

**Example Programs - You do not have to do these problems.**

1. Input a student’s last name and GPA, display the last name, GPA and a message of “Well Done” when the GPA is greater than or equal to 4.0. When the GPA is less than 4.0 display a message “Good Effort”.
2. Allow a user to enter the meal cost. For meals over $25 compute a tip to be 20% of the meal. For meals $25 or under, give a $3.00 tip. Compute the total to be cost of meal plus the tip. Display the meal cost, tip and total.
3. The user enters the type of gasoline of either “regular” or “premium”. The user will also enter the gallons of gas purchased. Premium gas costs $2.75 and regular costs $2.25 per gallon. Compute the total to be gallons purchased times cost per gallon. Display type of gas, gallons purchased, cost per gallon and total.
4. Allow a user to enter the base, height and hypotenuse of a triangle. Display a message, “Is a Right Angle” when the hypotenuse is equal to the square root of the sum of the squares of the base and height. Display “not a Right Angle” if this is not the case.
5. Allow the user to enter two numbers. If the first number is greater than the second number display a message “Is Greater” otherwise display a message “Is Not Greater”.